

Cal



# LABOR CLARION

LEADING ARTICLES—August 25, 1922.  
DECEPTIVE PUBLICATIONS  
THE WRIGHT ACT  
ARE YOU ALIVE AND AWAKE?  
PLEA FOR "CAN'T STRIKE" LAW  
CREEPING PARALYSIS

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Organized labor throughout the State of California, appreciating the manner in which Governor William D. Stephens has resisted the demands of labor's foes during his gubernatorial incumbency, is rallying to his cause in ever-increasing numbers, with the determination of paying him the tribute of a larger vote than ever before at the primary election on August 29th.

In Los Angeles, Seth Brown, president of the California State Federation of Labor, is active in the work of bringing the strength of labor behind the Governor's cause. In San Francisco, such men as John A. O'Connell, secretary of the San Francisco Labor Council, and George S. Hollis, president of the San Francisco Labor Council, are numbered among Governor Stephens' staunchest supporters.

Labor men in close touch with the political situation assert that organized labor is practically a unit in demanding the retention of Governor Stephens in the executive post at Sacramento and they look for a tremendous outpouring of Stephens' votes next Tuesday.

In explaining their reasons for supporting so strongly the incumbent, labor men point with pride to William D. Stephens' record in Congress, as well as his record as Governor. His advocates cite the official record of the railroad

unions' National Legislative Representatives as showing that during the six years Stephens was in the lower house his votes were recorded as 985 in favor of all labor legislation brought before that body during his incumbency.

"We must realize that friends in office who stubbornly fight our battles of necessity antagonize our opponents and thereby make our enemies their enemies. We would be slackers in our duty if we failed to respond when help is needed. Let us not forget the policy of the railroad organizations, which has always been to reward their friends and defeat their enemies."

163 labor leaders throughout the State of California signed the following resolution:

"We endorse Governor William D. Stephens because he has made an aggressive, determined and successful fight to make the railroads, public utilities, banks and insurance companies pay their proper share of taxation. The King tax bill was a declaration by the State that there would be in California no favored class in matters of taxation. He has taken a vigorous stand against the efforts of the Better America Federation and similar sinister organizations to gain political mastery of the State and is now viciously attacked by organizations such as this."

# LABOR CLARION

The Official Journal of the San Francisco Labor Council

VOL. XXI

FRIDAY, AUGUST 25, 1922

No. 30

## -:- Deceptive Publications -:-

Many of the daily papers of the country continually try to persuade their readers that they are not opposed to the organization of the wage workers, but whenever they think they see an opportunity to take a surreptitious punch at the labor movement they proceed to do so, all the while insisting they believe in the principle underlying the organizations. A conspicuous example of this is to be found in the Christian Science Monitor under its new editorial management. Recently that publication was taken to task by one of its readers in Akron, Ohio, for its plain opposition to the cause of the workers, and the editor attached to the communication this note:

"[The implication that The Christian Science Monitor desires the destruction of the labor unions is not well founded. The position of this paper has been that both Labor and its employer owe a first duty to the public and that the application of the Golden Rule by both sides will do much toward solving Labor difficulties.—The Editor.]"

This statement occurred in the issue of August 12th, and in the same issue, on the editorial page, we find under the caption "The Appeal to the American Bar," this unwarranted attack upon the president of the American Federation of Labor and the movement he represents:

"There is no doubt whatever that it is true that the need never was so great as now for a clear vision and an intelligent comprehension of the problems which confront established human institutions. Never before were there arrayed so compactly and with such evident singleness of purpose, the avowed foes of democratic government. Never before was there a more serious lack of unanimity and accord amongst those who have always stood for conservatism and good order, the stabilizers and insurers of real progress. The destructive efforts of the secret foes of government have at last become apparent. From long boring from within, they have finally emerged into the open, ready to enter upon a test of strength, perhaps with the full knowledge that defeat will mean only more delay, whereas victory would serve to hasten the engrafting upon the standards of the great western democracy of the tenacious branch of sovietism and class rule.

"At the moment, in the United States, there is going on, perhaps without the realization by everyone of the fact, an actual and perhaps a crucial test of strength with that end in view. It is hard to imagine that the present industrial warfare, encouraged and abetted by Mr. Gompers and his lieutenants, in which are arrayed on one side the great army of coal miners and many of the unions composed of men whose steady employment is vital to continued railroad operation, is but a contest over disputed wage and working conditions. It is more than that in fact. The door has been opened to negotiations which gave reasonable promise of an equitable adjustment of all reasonable grievances. Instead of accepting, under protest, the awards already made by a duly constituted agency of the Government, the federal power has been defied, openly and persistently.

"The doctrine of the agitators is that the laws are enacted and interpreted, not in consideration for the welfare of all, but for the benefit of the

few. This is the slogan depended upon to arouse and to foment class consciousness everywhere. The ignorant and the vicious, once convinced that their liberties are curtailed, seek the destruction of everything which bars them from the exercise of unrestrained privilege and license. It is because of this that the demand is being made in the United States today, and backed by men whose training and education should teach them the folly of their course, for the acknowledgment of the right of the masses to overthrow at will the decisions of the courts, thus opening the way for Congress and the state legislatures to enact such measures as they may see fit, without those acts being subject to final review and interpretation. In this is seen, no doubt, the shortest cut to mass or class rule. Theoretically, it may appear to be a mild form of sovietism. In practice it would be as destructive as sovietism in its worst form.

"Perhaps it is not possible to prove, by facts and precedents, that the menace to the Government and its institutions is but an incident of that agitation which is being carried on in all parts of the world. It is, it may be claimed, an unavoidable legacy of the war and the effort to reconstruct the social and industrial fabric. But the fact remains that the assaults which have so long been made secretly, and which are now being carried on without concealment, are upon the Constitution itself, with the avowed purpose of undermining the very foundations of the Government. It would be imprudent and unwise to regard these attacks as the mere expression of discontent. They are more than that. They represent the effort of an organized army of propagandists to teach defiance, and to bring about the final overthrow of the law."

Here we find the publication charging 650,000 miners and 400,000 railroad workers directly, and 5,000,000 members of the American trade union movement indirectly, with using their organizations, not to resist wage reductions, but secretly to overthrow our democratic government and institute sovietism. Could anyone make a more preposterous statement? Can the man who writes such nonsense really believe his own assertions, or is he doing the bidding of those who would profit by the discrediting and destruction of the unions? Has such a publication any right whatever to set up the claim that it believes in the Golden Rule? These questions are addressed to those who know and understand the American labor movement and who believe in honesty and fair dealing. It would be useless to direct them to others.

The American people know Samuel Gompers. For nearly half a century he has occupied a position of prominence in the labor movement and has used all his great influence to direct it along sane and sensible lines. There is no institution in this country that is more democratic than the American Federation of Labor, nor has sovietism a more bitter foe than the American Federation of Labor, yet the editor of this Christian publication would lead his readers to believe that both Gompers and the American labor movement are secretly allied with sovietism and aiding the enemies of government in their efforts at destruction. And the man who would perpetrate such

a fraud upon his people has the brazenness to announce that he is preaching the Golden Rule, while almost daily he writes editorials that would accomplish the destruction of the organizations of the workers were they to be put into practice. In the same issue from which the above is quoted appeared another leading editorial under the caption "Rights of Non-Union Miners," in which an attempt is made to make it appear that the union miners are a bad lot.

Unfair, biased and prejudiced editorials of this character develop more Bolsheviks than the Reds can make themselves, because they lead many to believe that the world is against the workers whether right or wrong.

We are not contending that the publication has not a right to oppose the organized workers if it so desires, but we do insist that it ought to be open and above board in its opposition, particularly since it assumes to be a Christian newspaper. Honesty should govern the policy of every newspaper, but there is a very noticeable lack of honesty in the Christian Science Monitor's attitude toward the organized workers during the past few months. This assertion is not based upon an isolated instance, but upon numerous editorials appearing during the past three months, which for lack of space we refrain from quoting.

### MINE WORKERS WIN.

A joint conference of bituminous coal owners and representatives of the United Mine Workers has resulted in an agreement which will temporarily continue present wage rates. The settlement means a collapse of the opposition to the mine workers in fields controlled by the union prior to the strike. The coal owners that are parties to the agreement are from West Virginia, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, Michigan, Oklahoma and Washington. This agreement takes the place of the old four-state agreement.

The check-off remains, wages have not been reduced nor compulsory arbitration established, three things anti-unionists predicted would happen.

On October 2 next both parties will meet in this city to arrange for negotiating a new agreement to become effective April 1 next, when the present agreement expires.

A conference will also be called to arrange for machinery to prevent further strikes. Another gain by the miners is the agreement that a committee of inquiry, or "fact-finding" commission, be created to investigate the industry and develop facts for the benefit of all concerned.

The agreement has destroyed all prospect of agreements based on states and districts. It has also destroyed all possibility of compulsory arbitration in the mining industry. In commenting on the settlement John L. Lewis, president of the United Mine Workers, said:

"The settlement is an honorable one to all concerned. It does not carry any wage reduction, neither does it barter away the rights of the workers by commitment to arbitration. A tremendous drive has been made against the mine workers upon both these issues, but they have been successfully resisted."

**THE WRIGHT ACT.**

By E. Clemens Horst.

The purpose of this article is to help clear up a general misunderstanding as to the force and effect of the Wright Act, which is to be accepted or rejected by the voters at the November election, and to invite an open discussion of this subject with any of the authors or leading proponents of the Wright Act.

The Wright Act, unless rejected by the voters of California, would inflict upon California a "dry" law far more drastic than the existing Volstead Act, because it prohibits not only everything that the Volstead Act prohibits, including its prohibition on admittedly non-intoxicating beverages, but it would also prohibit everything that is prohibited by the 18th amendment and not prohibited by the Volstead Act.

There is no truth in the statement made in the first paragraph of the Wright Act, that the 18th Amendment imposes a "requirement" that California enact the proposed law, but even if there were any duty or requirement on the part of

our State to adopt a law in accordance with the 18th Amendment, it would not justify our Legislature in passing one that does not conform either to the Amendment or to the Volstead Act.

Section 2 of the Wright Act provides that everything shall be prohibited that is prohibited either by the Volstead Act or by the 18th Amendment; and therefore, the Wright Act would prohibit light wines and beer that are prohibited by the Volstead Act and not prohibited by the 18th Amendment, and it would prohibit distilled liquors and wine for medicinal purposes, wine for sacramental purposes, as the 18th Amendment makes no exception for such uses, and it would prohibit the removal of alcoholic beverages from one's old to a new residence, because the 18th Amendment prohibits any transportation of prohibited beverages. Furthermore, the present governmental regulations that anyone may make 200 gallons of wine per annum for his own family use, would also be prohibited. There are many other things that would be prohibited under the Wright Act, that are now legalized, unless the Wright Act is rejected at the polls.

There is no truth in the claim that the Wright Act is so drawn that light wine and beer would be legalized in California upon such modification by Congress of the existing Volstead Act; nor would, under the Wright Act, those beverages be legalized at any time thereafter.

There is not a word in the Wright Act that says that, under any condition that may hereafter arise, any of the prohibitions of the existing Volstead Act shall be modified. The Wright Act adopts all the prohibitions mentioned in both the Volstead Act and the 18th Amendment, and also adopts any future prohibitions by Congress, without adopting any future modifications whatsoever.

If, for the sake of argument, it is assumed that the intent of the Wright Act is to make effective in California any future legalization by Congress of wine and beer, such a condition would be of no benefit to us, as California cannot delegate its law-making power (and certainly not its power to make criminal laws) to any other legislative body, and especially not to a body that has not yet been elected, or to one that is outside of the jurisdiction of California, and in which California's representation is less than four per cent of the number.

The proponents of the Wright Act, no doubt, are well aware of that fact, because they have included in the Wright Act, Section No. 6, which provides:

"Sec. 6. Should any section or any portion of any section of this act be found unconstitutional, the remainder shall continue in full force and effect. It being expressly declared that such is the intention."

It follows, therefore, that when Congress legalizes wine and beer our courts will be forthwith called upon to determine the constitutionality of the question above stated, and, of course, our courts cannot help but decide that our Legis-

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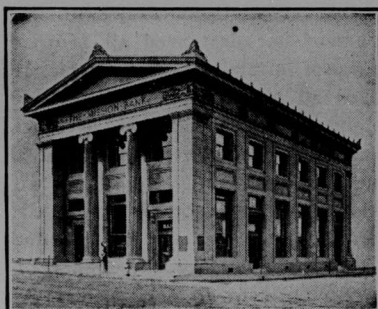
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lature had no right to accept in advance future legislation adopted by any other out of the State legislative body, namely, Congress, and as a result we will continue to have in full force and effect prohibition of wine and beer, though Congress has legalized it.

If our Legislature wished its legislation to conform to the will of the majority, it would have enacted a Volstead Act without including light wine and beer among those beverages prohibited by State legislation, and then (and not otherwise), when Congress legalizes wine and beer, we would have the benefit of such modification of the existing prohibitory laws.

The Wright Act is a fine example of the attempt of our legislators to force upon the people, against their will, a law that they have repeatedly repudiated at the polls. Such action is a clear violation of the duty of the legislators to respect the overwhelming majority vote of the people, as shown in the last four California State elections.

The Harris Act that was defeated at the last State election is now being forced upon the people for another vote, under the name of the Wright Act, on the claim that it modifies the Harris Act to meet the demand of the California public for light wines and beer. It does nothing of the sort. The Wright Act is, as above shown, far worse than the well repudiated Harris Act, and will, no doubt, be defeated by a still larger majority.

There is no better way to safeguard the health of yourself and family than for you and them to be consistent advocates of the union label.

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JAMES W. MULLEN.....Editor  
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MEMBER OF  
UNITED LABOR PRESS OF CALIFORNIA

FRIDAY, AUGUST 25, 1922.

If injunction judges do not issue these writs on demand they would violate their oath "to administer the law as it is," said Attorney General Daugherty, in a message to the American Bar Association convention in this city. The attorney general failed to state when and where that law was passed.

The United Mine Workers' Union has won its strike and more than three-fourths of its membership has returned to work under the conditions they demanded. This victory will not be pleasant news to the enemies of the organized workers, who entertained the notions that the workers would surely lose and that by such a loss the labor movement would be greatly weakened. This victory will place the entire labor movement in a much stronger position than it has occupied at any time since the close of the war. While the movement has lost a little ground during the past two years of fighting its potency has not been permanently influenced, and the winning of the mine strike will add speed to its recovery. The railway workers also seem to be in a fair way to win, and with such a victory added to that of the mine workers the movement will have regained its equilibrium and start traveling on the upgrade. In fact, the start has been made.

Experts of the Interstate Commerce Commission have just finished their valuation of the Pere Marquette Railroad, and find that nearly 40 per cent of the value claimed by the road is nothing but water. The government engineers declare that the Pere Marquette can be rebuilt for \$63,309,242 without any reduction for depreciation, and including a generous allowance for increase in real estate owned by the road, although these increased land values were not created by the road itself. The stocks and bonds of the Pere Marquette have been inflated to \$101,711,386, upon which both the public and the employees are compelled to pay dividends. At ordinary interest rates, therefore, shippers and passengers are overcharged and the wages of employees are beaten down in order to pay a dividend of about \$2,500,000 a year on the watered stock of this railroad. The Interstate Commerce Commission's valuation of the Pere Marquette amply bears out the claims of the railroad labor unions recently made before the Senate Committee of Interstate Commerce to the effect that the railroads could never pay fair wages or give reasonably low rates to the public until fictitious valuation is squeezed out. Meanwhile the public and the employees suffer.

## Are You Alive and Awake?

It is a common practice for those who do nothing to complain most bitterly when things are not done for them. This rule operates in the labor movement just as it does in other fields. We find members who scarcely ever attend a union meeting, who never serve on committees and who never inconvenience themselves in the slightest degree to promote the cause they are presumed to favor, criticising their officers, condemning the action of the majority and deploring the foolishness of the membership generally. The one thing these creatures do is talk in an unfavorable way of their fellows, and it is true that talk is one of the very cheapest things in the world. If talk, loose talk, unintelligent talk would get the world anywhere, we would be traveling ahead at breakneck speed, but unfortunately talk must be accompanied by action in order to be fruitful, and unless your talk is of a brand that will influence others to action it will be necessary to get busy yourself if you want results.

Just now the organized workers in California are confronted with a situation that demands something more than idle talk. The Better America Federation is out with a slogan calling upon the enemies of labor to capture the political offices in the State from the smallest to the loftiest, and those opposed to the workers are rallying their forces with a determination to win at the primaries and then to clinch their advantage at the general election next November. It is, therefore, of more than usual importance that trade unionists get to the polls next Tuesday and register their desires in connection with every office listed on the ballot. In this connection it is also desirable that there be some sort of unification as to the particular candidates that are to be supported by the workers. A scattering of the vote will be of advantage to those who are out to gain control over the offices for their own selfish purposes.

The workers, constituting as they do a large percentage of our citizenship, are entitled to be fully represented in every department of government, and they can be if they will only exercise vigilance and intelligence. Unfortunately, they do not always do so. However, if they fail this year, they must be prepared to abide by the consequences of their own negligence. The reactionaries, urged on by their success during the past few years, are more active than ever and are convinced that they can make big gains, particularly in the legislative branches of government, and in this way nullify or alter much of the beneficial humanitarian legislation that has been placed upon the statute books during the past fifteen or twenty years. They are very insistent that the woman's eight-hour law shall be amended, that the workmen's compensation act shall be modified and that the compulsory school attendance age be reduced to fourteen years. These are only a few of the items on their program, but they are sufficient to indicate to the worker what may be expected if these interests succeed in gaining the ends they have in view with regard to the election of candidates to political offices this fall, both at the primary and the general election. Under such circumstances the trade unionist who permits his prejudices or his convenience to drive him into aiding the enemies of the organized workers, or even by his failure to vote, to make it possible for them to win a victory, is, indeed, a traitor to his kind.

Next Tuesday, August 29th, is election day and it is the duty of every member of a union to so arrange his affairs as to insure his being at the polls to vote, and to vote in a way that will tend to frustrate the plans of the labor crushers. Whining after the election is over will avail nothing. The opportunity is now before you and it is always better to be safe than sorry. Therefore vote on Tuesday next.

**FLUCTUATING SENTIMENTS**

There never will be a settlement of the labor problem until employers quit trying to deal with labor as a commodity comparable with a sack of potatoes or a ton of coal. Labor is life, comes into the world with life, and leaves it when life departs. Labor, men, women and children, can not be catalogued with commodities and bandied about in the market without consideration as human beings. Attempts to do just that sort of thing are responsible for most of the friction between employer and employed.

President Harding's recommendation to Congress to pass legislation prohibiting workers from striking for decent wages will never be accepted by the people of the United States. If this is to be a free country the workers must be as free as any other citizens. If we are to have involuntary servitude then the Constitution must be so amended as to include all the people. Otherwise this would be a class government. If all the people are included in such an amendment the thing would have no chance whatever of being approved. On the other hand, there are plenty of people willing to enslave others so long as they remain free. The whole suggestion is so foolish that no reasonable human being will attempt to justify it. If the government can compel men to work at wages fixed by it, then it logically follows that it must also fix the prices upon the things these workers must buy in order to live, and no government in the history of the world has ever succeeded in fixing the prices of commodities. Harding does not talk like a man mentally equipped for his job. He is raving, and if he enjoys it, perhaps he ought to be allowed to go on, but the people will not accept such absurd advice.

**WIT AT RANDOM**

One of the advantages of living on Long Island is that on one side of the island you can SEE the SOUND and on the other HEAR the SEA.—New York World.

Vodka has been restored to respectability in Russia, but we doubt whether it will have the least effect on a population that has indulged in Lenine and Trotzky for the last few years.—New York Tribune.

A man was recently carried to a registry office to be married. Most bridegrooms, however, realize that it is best to go quietly.—London Opinion.

Country Judge—How long have you owned a car?

Motorist (charged with speeding)—One week, your honor.

Judge—Um—then you can still afford to pay a fine. Twenty dollars.—Boston Transcript.

"That young man of yours," said father as daughter came down to breakfast, "should be in a museum for living curiosities."

"Why, father!" exclaimed the young lady in tones of indignation, "what do you mean?"

"I noticed when I passed through the hall late last night," answered the parent, "that he had two heads upon his shoulders."—The Soldier-Worker (Butte).

Bridegroom—You told me your father's wedding present would be a check for four figures.

Bride—Well, isn't \$11.50 four figures?—Boston Transcript.

**MISCELLANEOUS****UNION LABEL.**

Monday, September 4, is a day dedicated by the national government and several states to labor. On that day the hosts of labor in many cities assemble to recount or take inventory of their successes and reverses during the year passed.

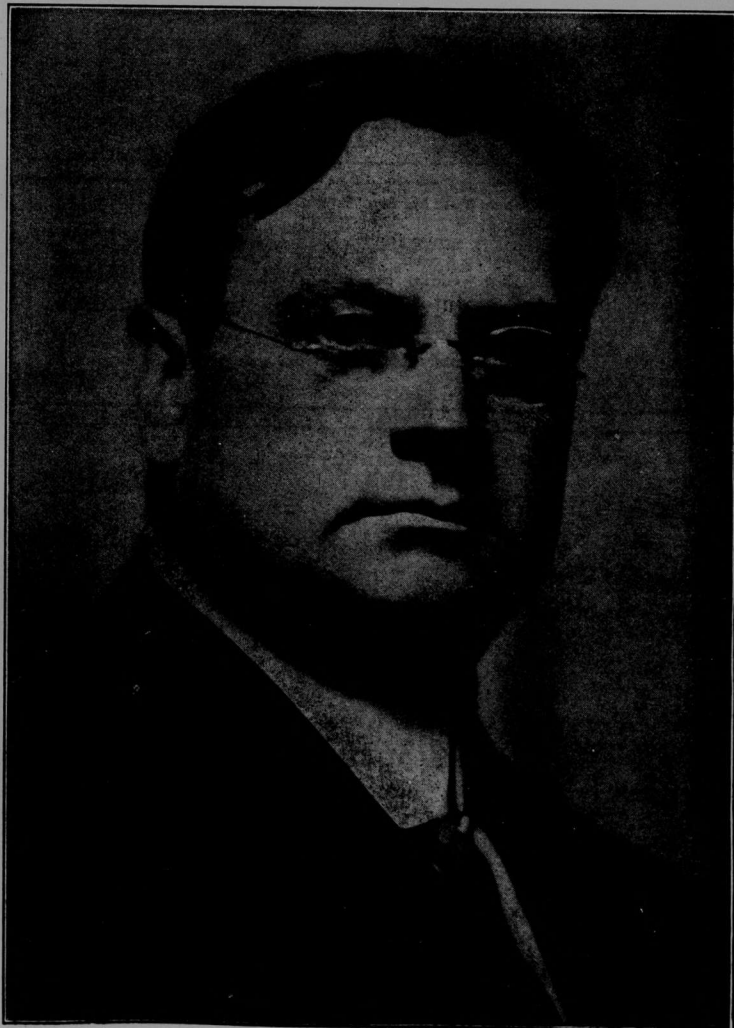
At the mass meetings held on that day notice is also taken of the hostility of some employers, reactionary legislation, court decisions derogatory to the welfare of the people, and the proposing of remedies for these conditions.

While all of this is necessary in order that our fellows receive first-hand information on these important subjects, little or no attention is paid to a great power for good that we have with us every day in the year—the union label, shop card, and working button.

The power of money is the basis for nearly all, if not all, of our social, industrial, and economic ills, and money can also be made to work very effectively in our cause if we but take the time to inform all trade unionists how to use this power for our own benefit and for the confusion of our enemies.

The power of purchase of five million trade unionists is so tremendous that it is almost staggering! Seven billions of dollars pass through the hands of our members each year, and if this were used only to employ trade unionists what a revolution it would bring about in conditions generally!

The union label, shop card, and working button are mediums which will aid us in making purchases so that we can materially assist our fellows in their efforts to not only maintain the good conditions they now enjoy but help them to still greater improvements.

**RE-ELECT LABOR'S FRIEND****HIRAM W. JOHNSON**

**ALWAYS HAS BEEN THE CHAMPION OF THE MEN AND WOMEN WHO TOIL**

**Seth R. Brown, president of the State Federation of Labor, says:**

"The victory won by Senator Johnson in the passage of the Maritime Workers' Compensation Law, was one instance of his willingness to fight the battles of labor. Organized labor appreciates what Johnson has accomplished. He deserves the support of every citizen."

**John A. O'Connell, secretary of the San Francisco Labor Council, says:**

"A vote for Johnson is a vote for labor."

**Primary Election, August 29th**

### TYPOGRAPHICAL TOPICS

There was a fair representation of the membership in attendance at the regular monthly meeting of Typographical Union No. 21, held in the Labor Temple last Sunday. The meeting was called to order at 1 o'clock, and, notwithstanding some time was given to a delegation from a sister union, the session was concluded at 3:45 p.m. The membership statement showed an enrollment of 1288 August 19. During the preceding fiscal month 58 traveling cards were deposited and 44 issued; there were three initiations, two suspensions and two honorable withdrawal cards issued. J. M. Miraglio and W. P. Valiant were admitted to full membership Sunday, while nine new propositions for membership were presented and referred to the application committee. Substantial appropriations were made for the benefit of the striking Textile Workers, Railway Shopmen and Amalgamated Lithographers of America, Local No. 17. Application of an aged member for the pension benefit was approved. When the meeting adjourned it did so out of respect to the memory of John S. Daveler, a former member of San Francisco Union, who passed away at Lane Hospital last Thursday night.

Bruce Brown, operator on the Stockton Record, tired of the torrid temperature Slough City citizens have been enduring all summer and hied himself to San Francisco this week in search of a breath of air that wouldn't melt his collar buttons. Brown declared he had a fortune in a half-gallon demijohn of fog he proposed to take back to Stockton, adding he would encounter no difficulty in disposing of it at the standard price of two-bits a look.

Sinclair Trimble, the most youthful and perhaps the speediest linotype operator in the Chronicle composing room, has returned from a well-earned rest which he took at Vichy Springs, looking a decade younger and capable of "putting up" more lines than ever.

Joseph Faunt LeRoy, one of San Francisco Union's quartet of delegates to the Atlantic City convention of the I. T. U., left last Saturday for Boston, where he will represent the San Francisco Bay Cities Club of Printing House Craftsmen at the annual gathering of the International Association of Printing House Craftsmen's Clubs, which meets a few days before the opening session of the I. T. U. The remainder of San Fran-

cisco's delegates—Dilse Hopkins, George H. Knell and Maurice McDonnell—and Thomas S. Black, who will act as reading clerk at the I. T. U. convention, will start for Atlantic City next Monday, going by way of Reno, Ogden, Cheyenne, Omaha, Chicago and Philadelphia.

A. A. Loeber, well-known job printer who has been in the employ of the John R. McNicoll Company for a number of years, is a patient at University Hospital, suffering from a fractured skull and a badly bruised eye. He was found in an unconscious condition at Fifth and Shipley streets last Sunday night. So far it has not been determined whether Mr. Loeber's injury was sustained through a fall or by having been struck by a blunt instrument. He is under the care of Drs. Naffziger and Morrissey of the University Hospital staff. Mr. Loeber's identity was established through a Typographical Union working card he had with him when he was discovered lying helpless in the street.

Charles T. Scott, secretary of Los Angeles Typographical Union No. 174, spent last Friday and Saturday in San Francisco. He drove up from the City of Angels in a machine and was accompanied by his wife and son.

Harry Walters, who was for many years prior to last November an employee in the Bulletin composing room and who served the union on many important committees, including the 1920 newspaper scale committee, is sojourning in San Francisco a few days. Harry went to Stockton early last winter. He has a "M.-O." situation on the Stockton Independent, and says he likes it "p-u-r-t-y" good. He had his "shootin' iron" with him and intends to take a "whang" at a few deer up Mendocino County way before he turns into Stockton for the winter.

Ross Heller has succeeded F. S. Carmona as foreman of the Bulletin composing room, the latter having embarked in the advertising field as a free lance. Mr. Heller was assistant foreman of the Bulletin composing room for three years prior to assuming the foremanship. He is well known throughout the jurisdiction, and his many friends are wishing him all success in his new position.

William Stott of New York Typographical Union, who is making his first tour of the Pacific Coast, paused in San Francisco last week long

### Winter Garden

SUTTER AND PIERCE STREETS

Family Dance Pavilion

SELECT SOCIAL

DANCE

EVERY NIGHT

LADIES 25c

GENTS 50c

(EXCEPT SATURDAY, SUNDAY & HOLIDAYS)



MATINEES 25c & 50c  
DAILY

Except Saturdays, Sundays, and Holidays

EVERY NIGHT  
500 GOOD 25c  
RESERVED SEATS  
ALWAYS A GREAT SHOW

### Herman's Hats

UNION MADE



2396 Mission Street

at Twentieth

**Coffee That Is?**  
**MISSION DAIRY LUNCH**  
COR. 16TH AND VALENCIA STS.  
S. C. Trauger, Prop.

**WEINSTEIN CO.**  
1041 Market St., San Francisco, Cal.  
**160,000 Monte Cristo**  
**Mild Havana Cigars**  
**AT HALF REGULAR PRICES**

On account of the agency being discontinued we were enabled to buy the entire factory stock at a tremendous sacrifice and are now offering them to you at HALF OFF.

Monte Cristo, 10c size, each.....5c	Monte Cristo Per-fecto Finos, 12 1/2c size, 4 for 25c
50 in box.....\$2.45	50 in box.....\$2.95
Monte Cristo Bon-Tons and Liberties, 15c size, 50 in box.....\$3.45	Monte Cristo Coronas, Majesties and Mercedes, 15c size, 3 for.....25c
2 for.....15c	50 in box.....\$3.95



**Sorensen Co.**

**JEWELERS, WATCHMAKERS, OPTICIANS**

715 MARKET STREET, Between Third and Fourth Sts., San Francisco  
All Watch and Jewelry Repairing Guaranteed.

SILVERWARE AND CLOCKS  
for wedding presents. Large stock to select from.

Gifts That Last, by the Thousand

MEMBER FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM AND ASSOCIATED SAVINGS BANKS  
OF SAN FRANCISCO

### THE SAN FRANCISCO SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY

(THE SAN FRANCISCO BANK)

SAVINGS

COMMERCIAL

526 California Street, San Francisco, Cal.

MISSION BRANCH, Mission and 21st Streets

PARK-PRESIDIO DISTRICT BRANCH, Clement St. and 7th Ave.

HAIGHT STREET BRANCH, Haight and Belvedere Streets

JUNE 30th, 1922

Assets	\$76,170,177.18
Deposits	72,470,177.18
Capital Actually Paid Up	1,000,000.00
Reserve and Contingent Funds	2,700,000.00
Employees' Pension Fund	385,984.61

A Dividend to Depositors of FOUR AND ONE-QUARTER (4 1/4) per cent per annum was declared for the six months ending June 30th, 1922.

enough to pay a brief visit to his former chapel mate, Jimmy Leslie, and to convey the regards of a group of former San Francisco printers now located in the big town to a few of the old-timers still here.

John S. Daveler, who had been in poor health for the last eight or nine months, during a greater part of which time he was confined to Lane Hospital, suffering from high blood pressure, died last Thursday night. Funeral services over his remains were held in the mortuary chapel of Halsted & Co. at 2 o'clock last Monday after-

noon, Rev. Mr. Hanson of the Episcopal creed delivering the sermon. The esteem in which Mr. Daveler was held was attested by the abundance of floral offerings which surrounded his bier. Mr. Daveler was about 62 years old and was a native of Pennsylvania. He was the husband of the late Vicca M. Daveler, father of Erle V. Daveler and brother of Harry J. Daveler. He was at one time mechanical superintendent of the San Francisco Bulletin. Mr. Daveler was affiliated with Oakland Typographical Union at the time of his death.



## FOR Chief Justice

Supreme Court of California

VOTE FOR

## CURTIS D. WILBUR

(Incumbent Associate Justice of the  
Supreme Court of California)

FAIR TO LABOR

## \$1.85 OVERALLS

Our 50th ANNIVERSARY SALE. *Eagleson's since 1872.* \$1.85 Union-made all-blue denim OVERALLS for 98c. Union-made work shirts \$1.08. And other wonderful bargains. Buy now and save money.

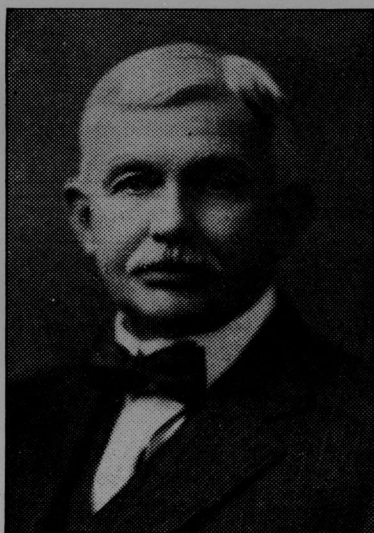
**EAGLESON & CO.-1118 MARKET ST.**  
Sacramento SAN FRANCISCO Fresno Los Angeles

"Factory-to-wearer" at

# 98c

## JUDGE CHARLES A. SHURTLEFF

FOR (INCUMBENT)  
Associate Justice Supreme Court

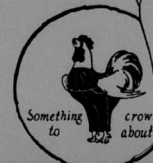


The following well-known labor men have endorsed Judge Shurtleff:

John A. O'Connell, Secretary S. F. Labor Council  
L. J. Flaherty, President Building Trades Council  
Frank C. Miller, Secretary Bay Cities Metal Trades Council  
John P. McLaughlin, Secretary Teamsters' Union  
R. W. Burton, President Bay Cities Metal Trades Council  
Thos. Doyle, Secretary-Treasurer California State Council of Plasterers and Cement Finishers  
Hank Brown, Business Agent International Molders' Union No. 164  
John H. Clover, Secretary-Treasurer San Francisco Building Trades Council  
W. W. Kleinhammer, Manager Pattern Makers' Association  
T. P. Garrity, Past President Bookbinders  
M. S. Maxwell, Secretary Butchers' Union, Local 115  
Joseph Tuite, President State Conference of Painters  
N. H. McLean, Secretary District Council of Carpenters  
Geo. McTague, Business Agent, Local 377, Iron Workers

You're right!  
I wear  
CAN'T BUST 'EM  
overalls

They guarantee that  
if the sewing ever rips  
I'll get a new pair or  
my money back.



**CAN'T BUST 'EM**  
OVERALLS  
UNION MADE

PHONE WEST 793

**SAN FRANCISCO LAUNDRY**

SOCKS DARNED

**SMOKE  
UNION MADE  
CIGARS**

W. D. Fennimore

A. R. Fennimore



Prices  
Always  
Reasonable  
Eyes Tested  
Satisfaction  
Guaranteed

2508 MISSION STREET, SAN FRANCISCO

181 Post Street.....San Francisco  
1221 Broadway.....Oakland  
2106 Shattuck Avenue.....Berkeley  
We Give Mission Street Merchants Coupons

## GODEAU FUNERALS

Made perfect by a generation of professional experience in California by right methods, and because Godeau is

Independent of the Trust

Godeau Funerals are a Real Saving to the bereaved family.

JULIUS S. GODEAU  
41 Van Ness Ave., S. F.  
Telephone Market 711

Branches  
Oakland  
Los Angeles  
Stockton  
Columbus Ave., S. F.

IF IT'S HOUSEHOLD GOODS  
You Can Get It at

**SCHLUETER'S**

Mission's Largest Household Dept. Store  
Electric Washing Machines and Vacuum Cleaners  
2762 MISSION STREET, Bet. 23rd and 24th

Phone Market 5725

UNION STORE

**BROWN & KENNEDY**

FLORAL ARTISTS

Funeral Work a Specialty—Lowest Prices  
3091 Sixteenth St., Near Valencia San Francisco

**CREEPING PARALYSIS.**

By International Labor News Service.

Striking railroad shopmen have not been chloroformed by the intermittent peace parleys conducted by President Harding at Washington during the past two weeks. Neither were they surprised when the President somersaulted overnight in his position on the question of seniority rights. He apparently cannot forget big business, which nominated him at the Chicago convention in 1920. He is much less a free agent than any railroad employee on strike.

Therefore, while negotiations were on the strikers strengthened their positions all along the line. Reports coming to the railway employees' department here indicate that a powerful reserve force is ready to be brought up to the line of battle just as soon as more pressure is needed to compel railroad executives to talk shop in a language that is comprehensible to the workers.

Besides, the equipment is deteriorating so rapidly that the men have no cause for worry over the class of "mechanics" being recruited to take their places. There is plenty of evidence to this effect, in addition to the statement of Chairman McChord of the Interstate Commerce Commission that motive power is on a progressive decline, with 30 per cent of locomotives in an unfit condition. Today only 9000 head of cattle reached the Chicago stockyards against an average of 30,000 per day before the strike.

Chief Warren S. Stone, of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, is quoted as saying that reports coming from his men in the cabs indicate that 50 per cent of the locomotives are defective and getting worse each day. Passenger and freight trains start from terminal points with no assurance they will reach their destination.

One beneficial effect of the parleys at Washington has been to acquaint the people with the real

issues in controversy and guide them in fixing responsibility for continuance of the strike upon that small coterie of Eastern executives dominated wholly by New York banking interests, who insist that the railroad labor organizations must be broken whatever the cost. They will collect later from the ultimate consumer, who pays all the freight, both ways.

Another result is the imminent danger of seniority rights being abrogated entirely if the rail executives have their way. This has aroused the train and engine service brotherhoods, to whom seniority rights are even more important than to the shopmen. They now realize that when the Railroad Labor Board adopted the infamous "outlaw" resolution of July 3 there was written into the Transportation Act an amendment which can be made to reach every railroad employee.

Engine and train service employees continue to suspend work at important division points in various parts of the country. The 1600 men of the Elgin, Joliet and Eastern Railroad, the outer belt line of Chicago, who started this movement over a week ago when state troops were placed in the yards, are still out and not a wheel is turning on that line. Several Western trunk lines have been badly tied up during the past week by the stoppage of train and engine men. Thus the strike promises to be progressive until a settlement is reached, either by direct negotiation between employer and employee or by the government taking over the roads.

**DR. GEO. D. GILLESPIE**

Regular licensed drugless physician and Chiropractor. Tubercular, organic, nervous, rectal, colon, prostatic, chronic, skin and scalp diseases.

My book, "Drugless Therapy," tells you why pressure on nerves causes disease. Send for it. Mailed free. Lady attendants. Consultation free.

Free radio service in all rest rooms.

Entire Mezzanine Floor

335 STOCKTON STREET

SAN FRANCISCO

Don't be a "take it or leave it" trade unionist. Refuse to take it if it does not bear the union label.

1300 Polk St.  
820 Clement St.

701 Shrader St.  
Vallejo, Calif.

**JENNY WREN**

Spotless Food Stores

2765 Mission St.

2070 Mission St.

You can buy more groceries for a Dollar at Jenny Wren than at any store in San Francisco. We claim better quality, too, and quality is remembered long after price is forgotten.

Shop and Save at Jenny Wren

**SUMMERFIELD & HAINES**

UNION-MADE CLOTHING

Cor.

Agents

Sixth & Market

CARHARTT OVERALLS

**LIBERTY BANK**  
SAVINGS COMMERCIAL

*You are welcome here*

any time between  
nine in the morning  
and twelve midnight.

"Use Our Night Service"

Market, Mason & Turk Streets



**The St. Francis Hotel depends on "Pacific Service"**

for all of the power it uses. Ask about the measures taken by the P G and E to insure a steady flow of power to all customers for cooking and other purposes.

Pacific Gas and Electric Company

**P.G. and E.**  
"PACIFIC SERVICE"



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Quality First  
**UNITED STATES  
LAUNDRY**

Telephone  
Market 1721

Finest Work on Shirts  
and Collars



MARKET AT 4TH, SAN FRANCISCO

"GOOD CLOTHES ON CREDIT"

**Columbia**  
OUTFITTING CO.  
MISSION STREET  
at Twenty-second

## SAN FRANCISCO LABOR COUNCIL

### Synopsis of Minutes of August 18, 1922.

Meeting called to order at 8:15 p. m. by President Hollis.

**Reading Minutes**—Minutes of previous meeting were approved as printed in Labor Clarion.

**Credentials**—From Tailors' Union No. 80—Nels Soderberg, vice H. Peterson. Delegate seated.

**Communications**—Filed—From the following unions inclosing donations for the striking Railroad Shopmen: Cigarmakers, Printing Pressmen, Ice Wagon Drivers, Milk Wagon Drivers, Carpet Workers, Carpenters No. 483, Electrical Workers No. 151, Garment Workers No. 131, Painters No. 19, Waiters, Waitresses, and Teamsters. From the following unions inclosing donations for Labor Day Fund: Milk Wagon Drivers, Teamsters No. 85, Stage Employees, Electrical Workers No. 151, Ladies' Garment Workers No. 8, and Ferry Boatmen. From California State Federation of Labor, with reference to indorsing Senator Johnson, Governor Stephens and Lieutenant-Governor C. C. Young.

Referred to Executive Committee—From Culinary Workers' Joint Executive Board, requesting a boycott on Olden's, 12 Market St., 510 Market.

Referred to Labor Clarion—From Union Label Trades Department, requesting a demand for the union label, card and button.

Request complied with—From Building Trades Council of Santa Clara County, requesting all union people will remember when they want to take a bus ride, that the Peninsular Rapid Transit Company had their depot built by non-union men.

**Report of Executive Committee**—In the matter of controversy between Grocery Clerks' Union and Mr. A. J. Lye, proprietor of the Potrero Basket grocery store, 2511 Twenty-fourth street: Inasmuch as the notice to Mr. Lye may not have been received in time, the matter was laid over for one week. Report concurred in.

**Reports of Union**—Grocery Clerks announced that September 4th and 9th will be holidays. Teamsters No. 85 have donated \$250 to striking Shopmen; \$25 to Labor Day Fund. Waiters donated \$100 to striking Shopmen; \$10 Labor Day Fund; the White Lunches, Chris's and Compton's unfair. Office employees donated \$10 for Labor Day Fund. Cigarmakers will petition Governor Stephens for the pardon of Mooney and Billings; donated \$10 to striking Shopmen. Garment Workers donated \$25 to Shopmen and \$20 to Textile Workers, \$10 to Labor Day Fund. Milk Wagon Drivers donated \$50 to Shopmen, \$20 to Labor Day Fund. Waitresses donated \$50 to Shopmen, \$25 to Labor Day Fund.

**Label Section**—Will hold a large open meeting on August 30th, and delegates are invited to be present. The purpose of meeting is to organize a Women's Auxiliary.

**Report of Delegate to American Federation of Labor Convention**—Delegate Casey submitted a very lengthy report, which, on motion, was referred to the Labor Clarion.

**Auditing Committee**—Reported favorably on all bills and warrants were ordered drawn for same.

**Election of Delegates to State Federation of Labor**—The Board of Election reported that there were 163 votes cast; five were disqualified. Delegates Bonsor and Mullen having received the highest number of votes cast, the Chair declared Delegates Bonsor and Mullen duly elected to represent this Council.

**New Business**—Moved to invite Delegate Scharrenberg to deliver a lecture next Friday evening, on labor conditions in Honolulu; carried. Moved to instruct the officers of the Council to be present at the meeting of the Public Utilities Committee of the Board of Supervisors August 30,

when the Hetch-Hetchy matter is being discussed; carried.

**Receipts**—\$1193.92. **Expenses**—\$752.92.

Council adjourned at 10 p. m.

Fraternally submitted,

JOHN A. O'CONNELL, Secretary.

P. S.—Members of affiliated unions are urged to demand the union label, card and button when making purchases.

### LABEL SECTION.

#### Minutes of Meeting Held August 16, 1922.

Meeting called to order at 8:15 by President Coakley, with all officers present except Aura Wollcott, J. C. Crawford and J. Frankenstein.

Minutes of previous meeting approved as read.

**Communications**—From Union Label Trades Department, in regard to buying labeled goods; received, noted and filed.

**Reports of Unions**—Typographical—Business in commercial shops fair, and newspapers busy. Cigarmakers—Business is slack; ask a demand for their label when buying cigars. Labor Publicity Committee—Emporium is still unfair; also told of the decision of Judge Troutt against the newspaper vendors in front of unfair houses. Hatters are assessing themselves \$1 for agitation work for the year; Brother James Durkin of the Hatters has opened a renovating shop at 106 Seventh street; also makes hats to order with the union label. Coopers No. 65—Business is picking up. Waiters No. 30—Local donated \$100 to Shopmen and \$10 to Labor Day Committee. Glove Workers—Business is fair; local voted to withdraw from International; delegate asks help of Section to try to have local rescind action. Upholsterers No. 28—Business good; Crescent Feather and Continental still unfair; ask demand for their label. Teamsters No. 85—Business good; all members working. Grocery Clerks—Piggly-Wiggly stores are still unfair; ask a demand for the Clerks' working button, color changes every month; color for August is gold. Hoisting Engineers—Business good; all members working; local had to send out of town for men. Office Employees donated \$10 to the Labor Day Committee. Painters No. 19—Business good; all members working. Cracker Bakers—National Biscuit Co. still unfair. Agitation Committee sent out 175 letters to the different locals informing them of the labor rally on the 30th of August. Bulletin

Board Committee reported that they are still looking for new material for the board.

**New Business**—Moved and carried that the Section inform Brother Harry Lord of the trouble of the Glove Workers and try to use his good office to settle their difficulties with their International. Moved and carried that Brother Joe Barnes be granted the floor. Brother Barnes gave an interesting talk on the Oil Workers strike and told of the important part the women's auxiliaries took in the strike, and urged upon all those present to do their utmost in helping the women in forming an auxiliary. Brother Mitchell told of the good work done by the auxiliaries during their strike for the 44-hour week.

There being no further business to come before the Section, we adjourned at 10 o'clock to meet again on September 6, 1922.

Don't forget to attend the Label Rally on the 30th of the month.

Demand the union label, card and button at all times.

WM. HERBERT LANE, Secretary.

### DEATHS.

The following members of San Francisco unions died during the past week: Harry C. Bell of the machinists, Bernard P. Higgins of the milk wagon drivers, John S. Daveler of the printers, Theodore A. Hansen of the teamsters, Louie Miller of the bakers, Harry Campe of the dredgemen, Carl A. Hedquist of the ferryboatmen.

Phone Market 3285

P. BENEDETTI, Manager

### UNION FLORIST

Formerly of 25 Fourth Street

Funeral Work a Specialty at Lowest Prices

Orders Promptly Attended to

3617 SIXTEENTH STREET Near Mission Street

### CHILDREN'S ACCOUNT

Your children should be taught to save. Open an account for each of them today. Show them by example that you believe in a savings account. They can not start too soon.

### HUMBOLDT SAVINGS BANK

783 Market St., near Fourth, San Francisco

### DEMAND THE UNION LABEL



ON YOUR PRINTING, BOOKBINDING AND PHOTO ENGRAVING

If a firm cannot place the Label of the Allied Printing Trades Council on your Printing, it is not a Union Concern.



OUR CHOICE  
FOR

Justice of the Peace

BYRON PARKER

PIGGLY WIGGLY  
*All Over the World*

Store No. 1

GRANADA MARKET, 761 MARKET STREET

Store No. 2

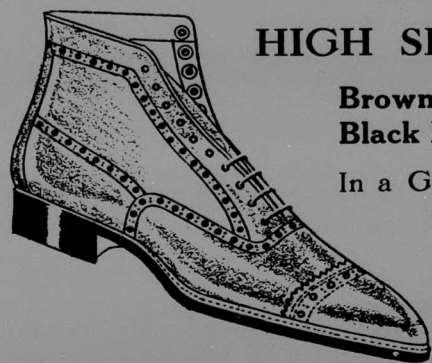
8th AVE. and IRVING STREET

Store No. 3

1314 OCEAN AVENUE

San Francisco Unit Only

# MEN! Buy These Shoes At SALE PRICES



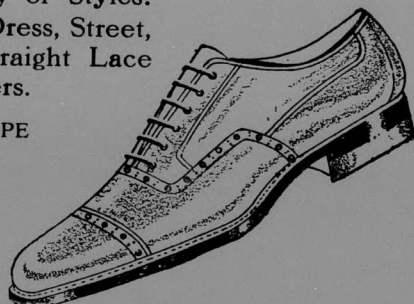
## HIGH SHOES LOW SHOES

**Brown Kid  
Black Kid**

**Brown Calf  
Black Calf**

In a Great Variety of Styles.  
Shoes for Dress, Street,  
Work. Straight Lace  
and Bluchers.

ALL SHAPE  
TOES



### \$3.00 — \$5.00

Values to \$7.50

Values to \$11.00

SEE  
OUR  
WINDOWS

E. KATSEHINSKI  
**Philadelphia Shoe Co**  
825 MARKET STREET SAN FRANCISCO 525 FOURTEENTH ST. OAKLAND

BUY  
AND  
SAVE

## Brief Items of Interest

Joseph F. Valentine, president of the International Molders' Union, is in the city for a short stay. He attended the meeting of the local union on Tuesday evening this week and expressed the opinion that the fight against the labor movement had passed the peak and was now on the downward trend.

The California State Theatrical Federation will hold its annual convention in Stockton commencing September 16th. A. A. Greenbaum and Anthony Noriega, representing the musicians and moving picture operators, respectively, will attend from San Francisco.

At the meeting of the local Typographical Union on Sunday last the following appropriations were made: Labor Day Committee of the Labor Council \$25, striking textile workers \$10, striking shopmen \$75, striking lithographers \$250.

At the last meeting of the Milk Wagon Drivers' Union a donation of \$25 was made to the striking shopmen and the union is to continue to assist them as long as the strike lasts.

William T. Bonsor and James W. Mullen have been elected to represent the San Francisco Labor Council at the annual convention of the California State Federation of Labor, to be held at Long Beach the first week in October.

For the purpose of promoting the meat industry, a Meat Council of the San Francisco bay district has been organized by wholesale and retail butchers, cattle growers and journeymen butchers. A series of educational meetings has been arranged by the Council, in co-operation

with the Butchers' Board of Trade and the Journeymen Butchers' Unions of San Francisco and vicinity.

San Francisco Brotherhood of Teamsters No. 85 has made a cash donation of \$250 to the striking railroad shopmen and has voted to contribute the sum of \$100 per week to the railroad shopmen during the life of the strike.

The various Retail Clerks' Unions of the bay district will hold a picnic at Idora Park next Sunday under the direction of the following committee: A. D. Alvarez, Ernst Solomon, J. C. Tretheway, Marcus Behr, E. A. Levy, F. A. O'Brien, J. J. Brennan, G. N. Black, Emil Kahn, F. J. Donworth and J. P. Griffin. The entire proceeds from the outing will be used to aid needy members of the organization and their families.

Paul Scharrenberg, secretary-treasurer of the California State Federation of Labor will deliver a lecture before the Labor Council tonight on industrial and economic conditions in the Hawaiian Islands as he found them during a six weeks' tour of the islands this summer as the official representative of Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor.

An entertainment and dance will be given in the auditorium of the Labor Temple on Wednesday night, August 30, under the direction of the Label Section. James Lord, newly-appointed general organizer for the American Federation of Labor in California, will deliver an address.

An interesting and instructive report of the recent convention of the American Federation of Labor was made to the Labor Council at its last meeting by Michael Casey.

### ORPHEUM.

The Orpheum, starting Sunday matinee, August 27, is headlined by Haru Onuki, Max Fisher and Florence Roberts. Haru Onuki is a Japanese prima donna of some distinction. Her beautiful soprano voice was trained in America, and although Japanese Miss Onuki is all American at heart. Her repertoire consists principally of singing songs, some of which are Japanese numbers and other American numbers sung in Japanese. Max Fisher and his famous dance orchestra are known all over the world and especially in New York where they played on the Ziegfeld Roof. Mr. Fisher and Earl Burnett, the piano accompanist, have composed many songs among which are "Leave Me With a Smile" and "You Won't Be Sorry." They will play these numbers and more as few syncopated orchestras can. Florence Roberts, the famous legitimate actress and Mr. Fredrik Vogeding of the Royal Theatre, Amsterdam, Holland, have a brilliant farce entitled "The True Story," written by Lea D. Freeman, a Yale graduate. Fredrik Vogeding is a young Dutch actor who has played in many languages but this is his first play in English. His accent gives a fascinating touch to his delightful performance. Hurst and O'Donnell are "nut" comedians guaranteed to chase away the blues. George Yeoman is also a "Blues" chaser. Johnny Singer and his Dancing Dolls have a unique turn. Lew Dockstader in "Talking Through His Hat" remains for a second week.

### DO NOT CHEAPEN CLOTH.

Senator Stanley of Kentucky demolished the theory that the woolen trust can produce cloth cheaper than a small mill.

"It is true," he said, "that a great steel plant which is integrated—that is, where they own their own transportation facilities, where they have no loss in reheating metals—can produce steel fabrics cheaper than a smaller mill can. But that is not true of woolen mills or cotton mills. They are built up like a sectional bookcase. You have the same loom here you have there, and when you add to your mills you simply add to the number of looms. There is no integration. A little woolen mill or a little cotton mill differs in size only from a large one as a little sectional bookcase differs from a big one, and the economics are all on the side of the smaller one.

"After you get a mill with the requisite number of cards, and so on, necessary to carry on the different processes, from the wool through the yarns, the tops and so forth, you can multiply that by the hundred if you want to, but you will not have materially cheapened the cost of production.

"One corporation owning 20 mills is not going to operate any one of these 20 mills much more cheaply than a single owner, and the economies secured by joint ownership are more than offset by the lack of attention to particular business. The only economy is in combination.

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